

# Research for Realistic Medicine: capturing the middle ground

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REALIST  
MEDICI



REALISING  
REALISTIC  
MEDICINE



Chief Medical Officer's  
Annual Report 2015-16



# PRACTISING REALISTIC MEDICINE



CHANGE OUR STYLE TO  
**SHARED DECISION MAKING?**

BUILD A **PERSONALISED**  
APPROACH TO CARE?




REDUCE **HARM**  
AND **WASTE?**



REDUCE **UNWARRANTED**  
VARIATION IN PRACTICE  
AND **OUTCOMES?**

MANAGE **RISK BETTER?**




BECOME **IMPROVERS**  
AND **INNOVATORS?**

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REALISTIC  
MEDICINE



Healthier  
Scotland  
Scottish  
Government



# Just a few of the big challenges...

- Population ageing, health inequalities, multimorbidity, personalisation to the disease and personalisation to the individual, changing expectations, changing professional roles changing organisation of care
- Paying for healthcare in the face of all that
- We're all in the same boat...
- ... but academic/NHS collaboration is variable



	<b>Frontline clinicians and managers</b>	<b>Academics</b>
<b>Creating interventions and new models of care</b>	Normal business for NHS innovators. Strong on feasibility but often does not draw on strongest existing theory and evidence	Normal business for health services researchers. Strongly based on existing theory and evidence but often inadequate attention paid to feasibility
<b>Evaluating interventions and new models of care</b>	Often not focused on from the start, and evaluations done tend to use weaker designs that have significant risks of bias	Emphasise pre-planned, 'as strong as possible' evaluation design to minimise bias
<b>Translating new ideas into practice and ensuring spread and sustainability</b>	The experts in real-world implementation but often do not draw on existing theory and evidence	Often underestimate the complexity of real-world implementation and many perceive translation to be someone else's responsibility
<b>Evaluating widespread implementation</b>	Often not focused on from the start, and evaluations done tend to use weaker designs that have significant risk of bias	Have relevant methodological expertise but not commonly engaged in real-world evaluation, although now partly incentivised by Research Excellence Framework requirements to demonstrate impact



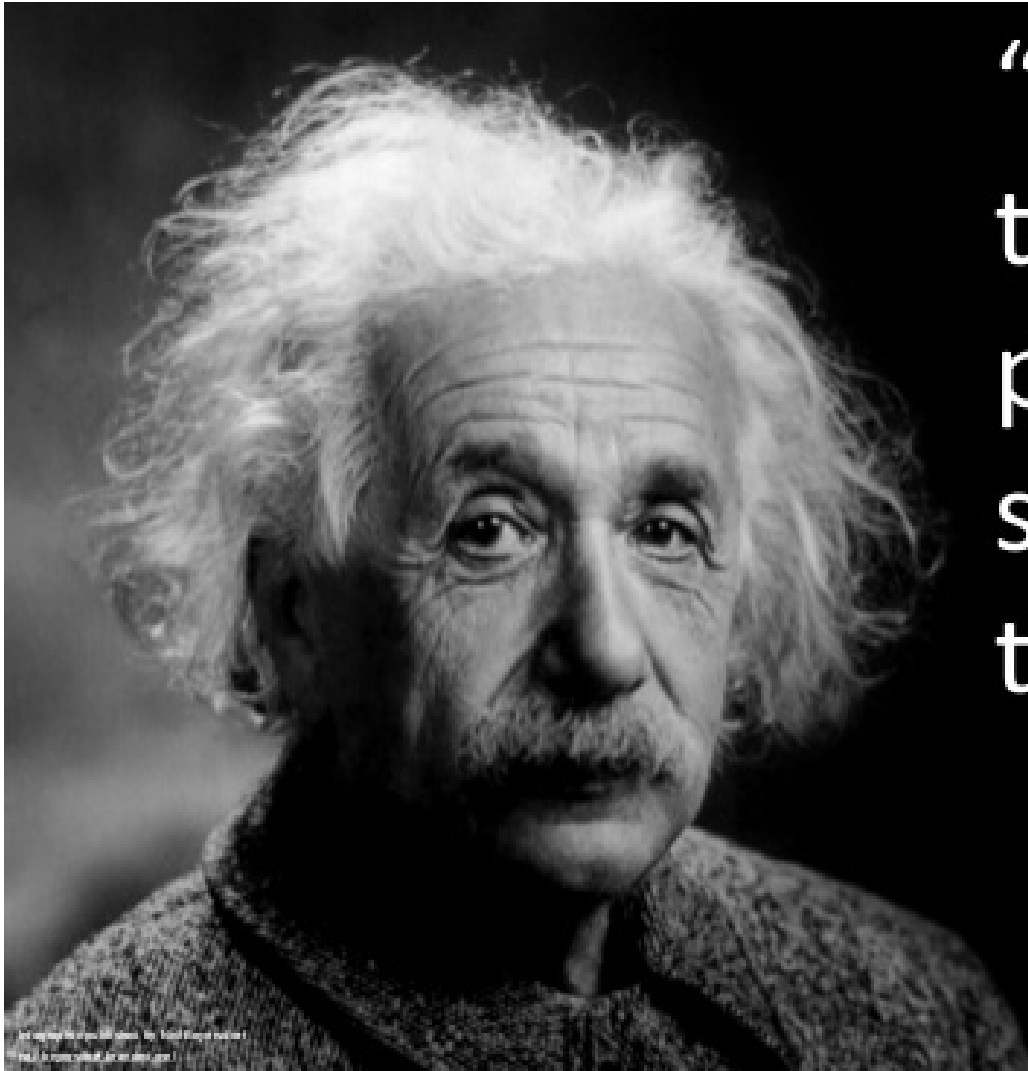


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# Use of theory



“In theory,  
theory and  
practice are the  
same. In practice,  
they are not.”

*Albert Einstein*

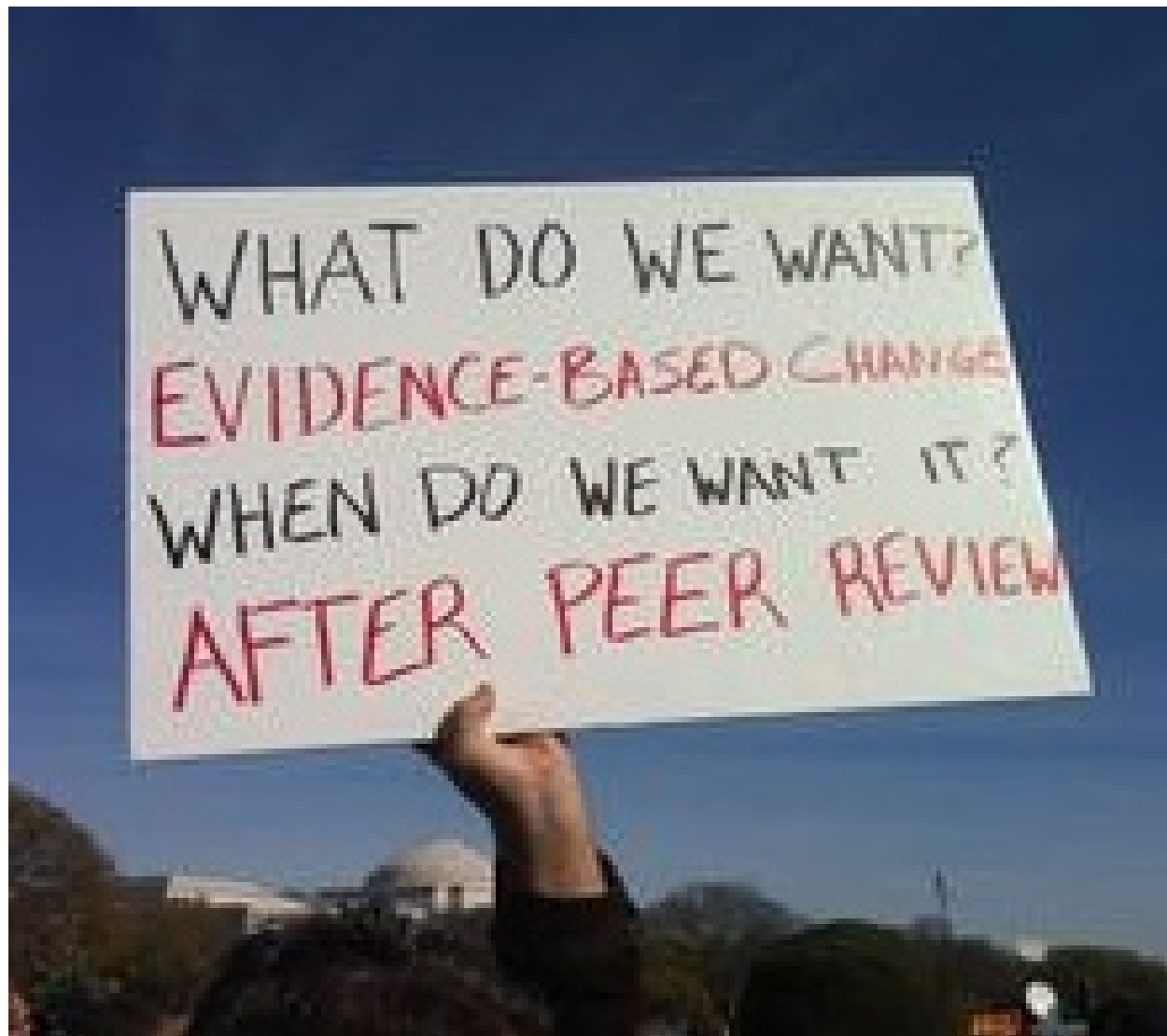


# Why is collaboration hard?

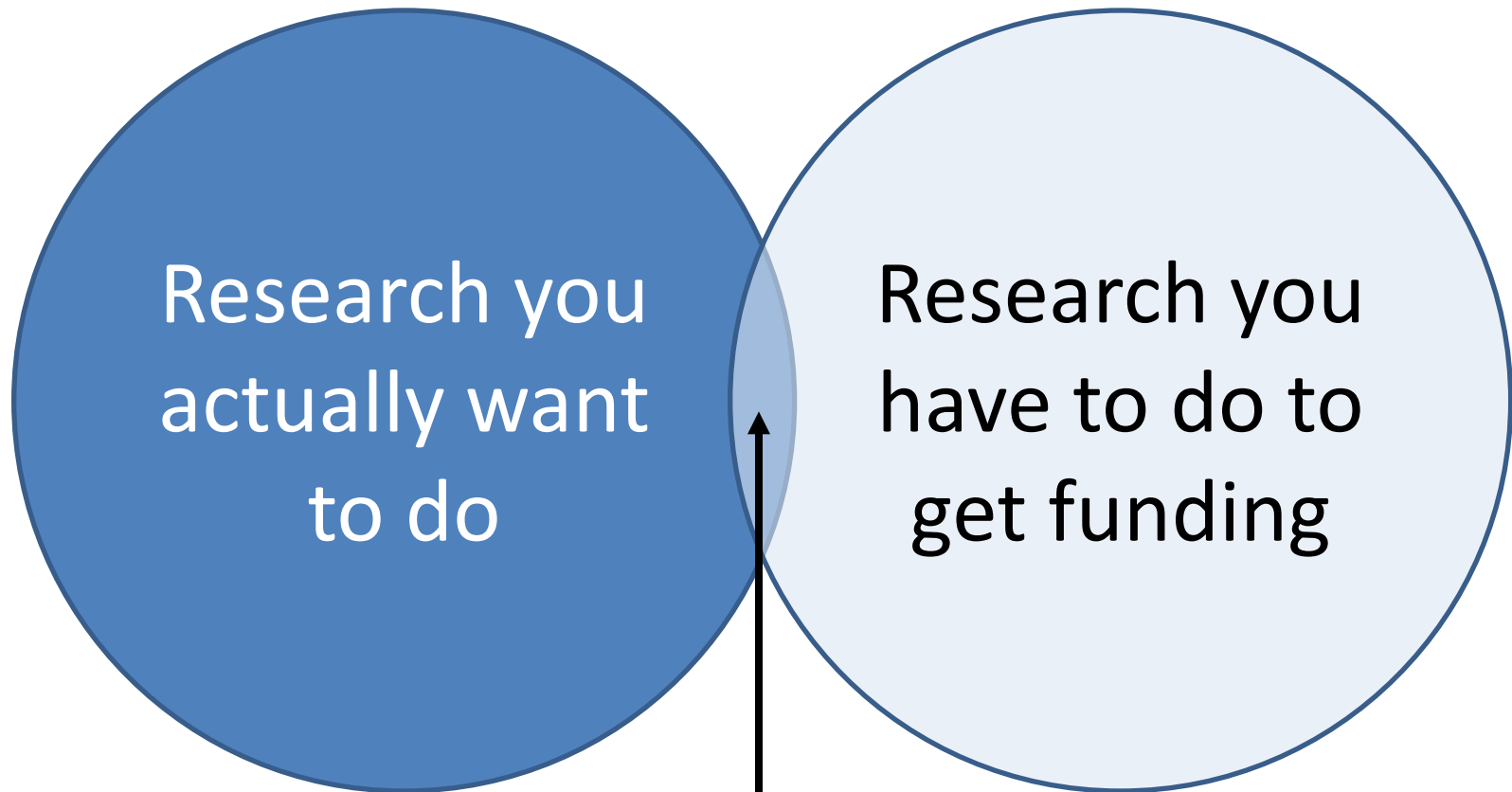
- Different timescales
  - Cuts both ways
- Different funding
  - Middle ground not always valued by research funders, but not often funded by NHS or policy
- Mutual suspicion and fear
  - Different outcomes valued
  - Requires trust



# Different timescales

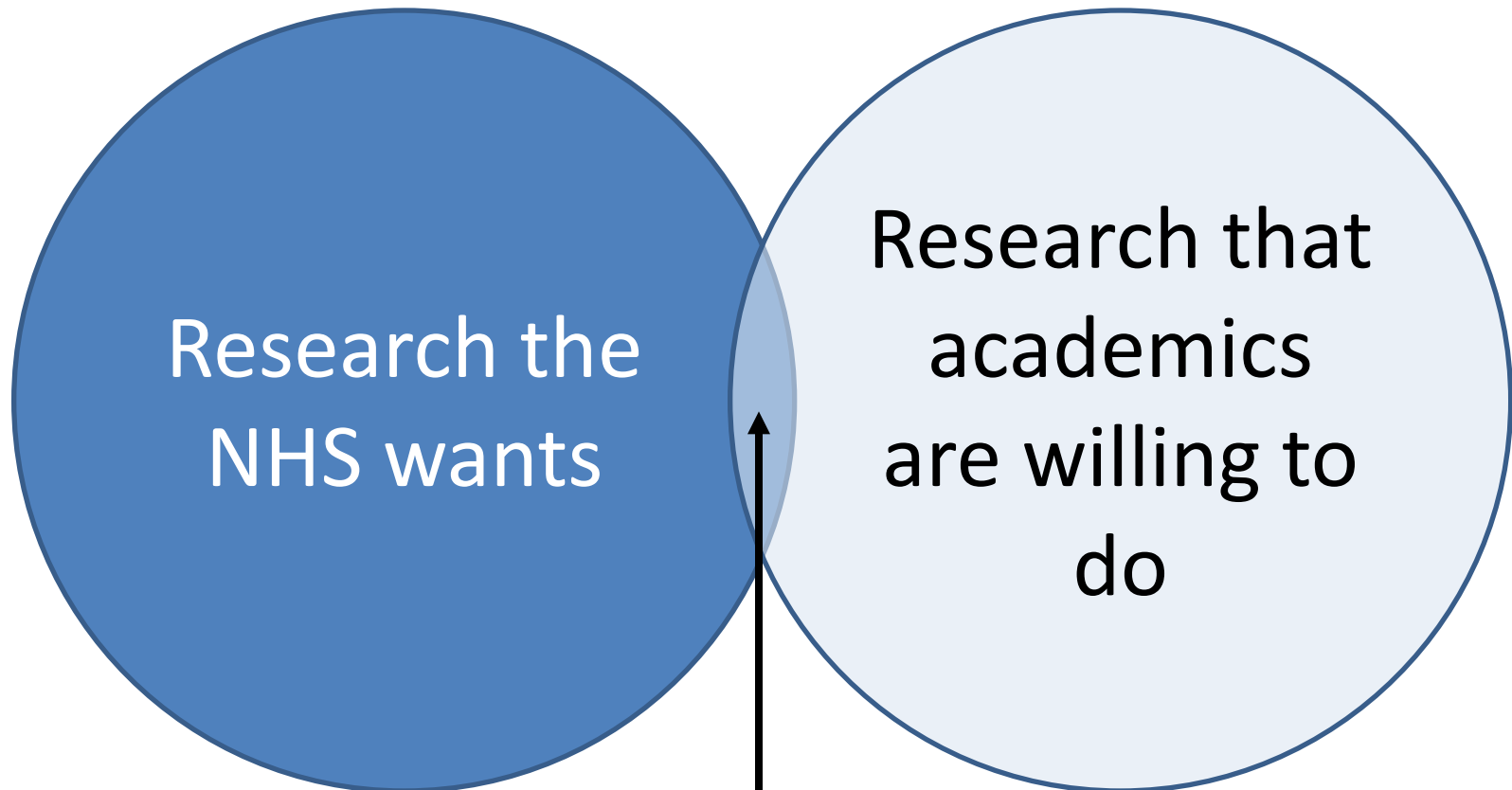


# Difficulties aligning funding



This area is so small that it doesn't have a name

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# Suspicion and fear



"You are completely free to carry out whatever research you want, so long as you come to these conclusions."



# So what is the middle ground?

- Recognise mutual strengths
- Recognise our own weaknesses
- Identify shared and individual goals
- Identify what is good enough for goals
- Compromise without compromising goals





# An example

- Prescribing safety matters to both sides
- Relatively little intervention research
- Even less translation into practice
  - BUT most potential elements of research interventions are already used by the NHS

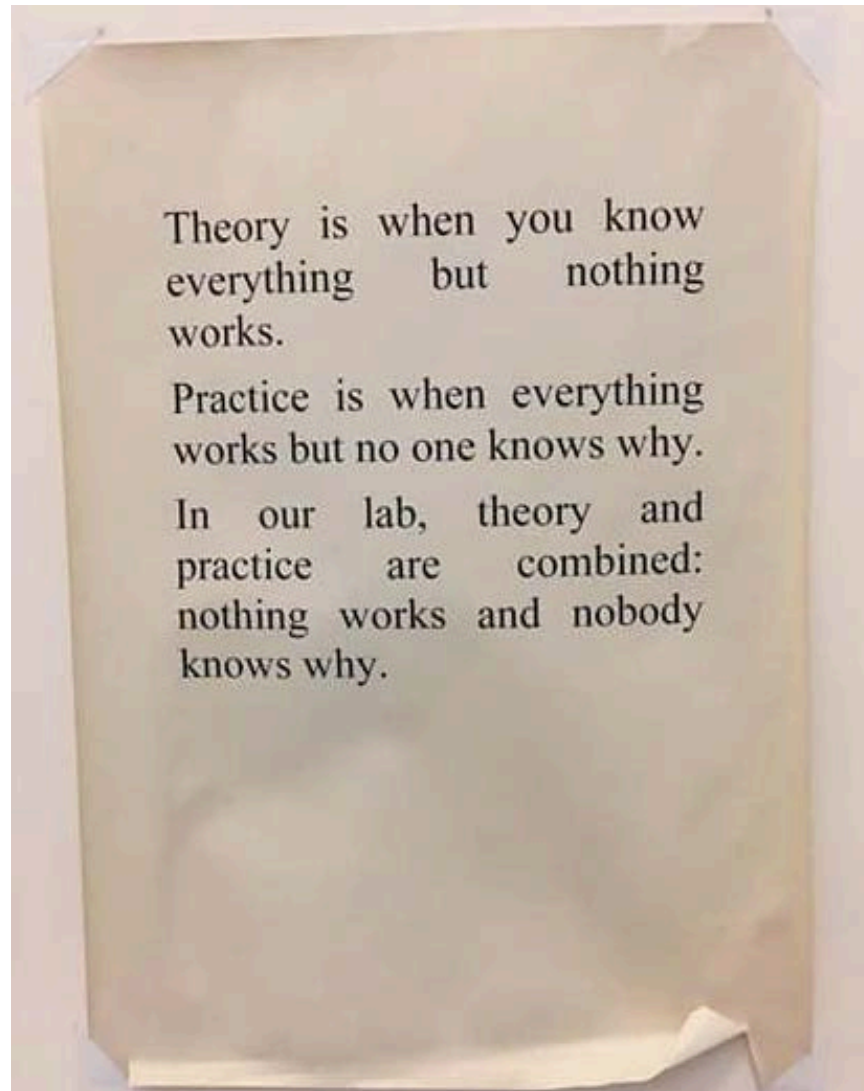
# The official story

- DQIP and EFIPPS trials
  - CSO funded research studies
  - Collaborative with the NHS, embedded in NHS IT
  - Strong translational intent
- Great academic outputs (NEJM, BMJ etc)
- Great translation
  - Indicators in Scottish National Therapeutic Indicators
  - Used by several Boards with evidence of impact
  - EFIPPS feedback tools in national use
  - DQIP focus moved to support polypharmacy review

# What actually happened?

- DQIP timescales meant that all NHS collaborators left before we finished
- DQIP probably too narrow to be worth the effort
  - NTI inclusion was someone else's idea
  - Forth Valley showed their own intervention very effective
  - Worth the effort with a wider focus (polypharmacy)
- Translation to polypharmacy not at all straightforward
  - GP-POLY, POEMS, P-DQIP, IMPPP
- EFIPPS tools designed as a one-off
  - Not enough money for production system
  - But FAPPC then used them in an NHS-run RCT and now routine

# More on theory and practice





# So what is the middle ground?

- Recognise each other's strengths
- Recognise our own weaknesses
- Identify shared and individual goals
- Identify what is good enough for goals
- Compromise without compromising goals
- Success likely comes from repeated failure...
  - Shared endeavour with risk for both sides



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**Thank you!**



